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The Azalea Booklet & Planting Guide
Hjort's Thrifty Roses & Ornamental Plants
FRUIT & NUT TREES SEASON, 1924

THOMASVILLE NURSERIES
P. J. HJORT & SON, PROPRIETORS.
THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA.
Terms of Business

Location.—Main nursery, lath houses, trial grounds and field office at intersection of Boston and Summerhill roads with Boulevard, two miles east of Thomasville. Rose, conifer and fruit tree nursery and business office on Boston road three miles east of Thomasville. The Thomasville-Boston road is a link of the Lone Star Trail, from St. Augustine to Los Angeles, and is also known as Georgia State Road No. 38.

Invitation to Visitors.—Visitors are welcome at our place every day in the year. We transact no business on Sundays, but leave our gates open for visitors to see the Azaleas, Roses, etc. The Rose field for the coming Spring will be at the 3-mile post on the Boston road. Visitors will please always observe the signs, going in by "Entrance" gate, all traffic in one direction, and leaving by "Exit" gate. A visit to the nurseries is not an obligation to purchase.

Terms.—Cash with order or satisfactory references, except to parties of known responsibility.

Transportation at Purchaser's Risk.—All transportation expenses are to be paid by the purchaser; our responsibility ceases upon delivery, in good order, to forwarding companies.

Substitution.—We do not substitute unless so authorized. It is well as the season advances to name substitute varieties to be used in the event of shortage.

Inspection.—Our nurseries are annually inspected by a representative of the State Entomologist, and a certificate to this effect, and that the plants have been fumigated as required by law, accompanies every shipment, and we comply with the various laws of the states into which we ship. Our nurseries are free from nut grass.

Claims.—If, by any possibility, errors should occur, they will be promptly rectified, if claim is made within ten days after receipt of the goods.

Guarantee.—We cannot control conditions after plants leave our hands and we cannot therefore guarantee our plants to live. We do guarantee all stock sent out to be well rooted, well grown, true to name, properly packed and shipped according to instructions.

Quantities.—Twenty-five or more plants at the 100 rate; 300 or more at the 1000 rate.

Order Early.—We cannot too strongly urge the advisability of ordering early. In so doing one gets the assortment and pick of the stock and avoids disappointment of possible failure to get order filled complete.

Address all communications and make remittances payable to Thomasville Nurseries, Thomasville, Ga.
Foreword

A PROMINENT man in the nursery trade, connected with one of the largest firms in America, said a few weeks ago, in introducing our Mr. P. J. Hjort to a friend, "He hasn't such an extensive place, but what he has is mighty good."

Our firm is not so large but that we can give personal service to every account. And personal service is reflected throughout the conduct of the business. Yet we are large enough to supply practically everything used in landscape plantings as well as in fruits and nut orchards.

Great progress has been made in the development of horticulture in the past ten years. New Roses of wonderful coloring, vitality and freedom of bloom, and many valuable new evergreens and flowering shrubs have been introduced. A notable addition to the list of fruits is the Pineapple Pear. Like other leading and here-to-stay nurseries, we are continually testing many plants. We have led the South in offering the new Roses. It is not to satisfy the craving for the new that we have done this work, but because we recognize as superior many of the productions. We are listing a number of ornamental plants adapted to this locality, which are not available from other sources. Particular attention is given in this booklet to Azaleas, which, as they become better known, are more appreciated for Southern plantings.

The cordial reception given our "Twenty-fifth Anniversary Booklet" determined us to continue the catalog in that form. We keenly appreciate the liberal patronage accorded us. Preparation has been made for the prompt handling of business in the 1924 season.

We are always trying to do things better than we ever did them before. With an organization of proven loyalty, we pledge ourselves one hundred per cent toward rendering efficient and courteous service.

THOMASVILLE NURSERIES,

By S. C. Hjort
Thomasville, Ga.

October 1, 1923.
Broad-Leaved Evergreens

In the South we may have a great diversity of broad-leaved evergreens, both flowering and strictly foliage plants, which may be attractively used in landscape effects in many ways, as in foundation planting, screen work, grouping, hedges or specimen effect.

Most of our evergreens are carefully trimmed to insure compactness and shapeliness, and when dug are taken up with a ball of earth and burlapped to insure safe transplanting.

ABELIA grandiflora. This plant fills a wider usage than perhaps any other evergreen. It can be trimmed as a specimen plant, used in groups, in screening about buildings, or trimmed as a dense hedge plant. The graceful, drooping stems and branches are covered with dark, glossy leaves, making it one of the most beautiful, popular and satisfactory evergreens. When trimmed it makes a densely compact plant, and is covered from May until frost with a profusion of small, tubular-shaped white flowers about an inch long, with pink throat. It is hardy as far north as Philadelphia, and we cannot recommend it too highly for its various uses.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>100</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12 to 18 in., strong, from open ground</td>
<td>$0.35</td>
<td>$3.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>18 to 24 in., strong, from open ground</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft., strong, from open ground</td>
<td>.75</td>
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AUCUBA japonica. A beautiful plant of dwarf habit, dark green leaves, bright red berries. Requires a shady position. 6 to 8 in., 75c.; 8 to 12 in., $1.00 each.

AUCUBA japonica aurea maculata (The Gold Dust Tree). A form of the above, with leaves beautifully spotted with yellow. Requires a shady position. 6 to 8 in., 75c.; 8 to 12 in., $1.00; 12 to 15 in., $1.25; 15 to 18 in., $1.50 each.

CAMELLIA japonica. This delightful Winter flowering shrub or small tree, commonly called “japonica” is too well known to need description. Practically all of the Camellias planted in America were imported up to the time Quarantine No. 37, shutting off importations, went into effect. Camellias can be grown in America, and nurserymen are gradually developing a stock. We offer in double varieties, red, deep pink, shell pink, variegated. We also have single red. Strong plants from 4-in. pots, 8 to 12 in. high, $1.00 each straight. We have no other sizes, and have no double whites. These Camellias come out of the pots with all the dirt and transplant easily.

CINNAMOMUM camphora (Camphor Tree). Fast grown and handsome evergreen, ends of young foliage tipped red, mature leaves bright green.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>100</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 to 2 ft</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 to 4 ft</td>
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<td>7.50</td>
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</table>
**EUONYMUS japonica.** A strictly foliage plant with shiny, dark green leaves. Same prices as Camphor Tree.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Price 8 each</th>
<th>Price 12 each</th>
<th>Price 100 each</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8 to 12 in.</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
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</table>

**GARDENIA florida.** A very popular evergreen with dark, glossy foliage and large, fragrant white flowers from May until Fall. Each 12 100

<table>
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<th>Price 100 each</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8 to 12 in.</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>12 to 15 in.</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$150.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>15 to 18 in.</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$250.00</td>
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</tbody>
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**ILICIUM anisatum** (East India Anise Tree). A small, evergreen tree of light green foliage. The leaves when bruised emit a pleasing anise fragrance. 12 to 18 in., $1.00 each.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Price 2 each</th>
<th>Price 3 each</th>
<th>Price 20 each</th>
<th>Price 150 each</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8 to 12 in.</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>12 to 15 in.</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>15 to 18 in.</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$250.00</td>
<td>$300.00</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**ILEX opaca** (American Holly). The Holly tree is too well known to need description. Our plants are propagated from trees bearing heavy crops of berries.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
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<th>Price 3 each</th>
<th>Price 20 each</th>
<th>Price 150 each</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft., balled and burlapped</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
<td>$125.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 to 4 ft., balled and burlapped</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$150.00</td>
<td>$200.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 6 ft., balled and burlapped</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$250.00</td>
<td>$300.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Trees not balled and burlapped, half above prices.

**LIGUSTRUM iwata.** A comparatively new and scarce evergreen Privet of great merit. This plant has glossy green leaves with lighter center and habit of growing very compact. Visitors to our nurseries usually show a preference for this variety over other evergreen Japanese Privets. It is now used extensively in this section in foundation, mass and screen plantings, and as trimmed specimens or a dense hedge. A strong reason for its popularity is its resistance to white fly, which infests Privet hedges in some localities. We especially recommend Ligustrum iwata, it is, a shrub which should be used all over the South.

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<tr>
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<th>Price 8 each</th>
<th>Price 12 each</th>
<th>Price 100 each</th>
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<tr>
<td>8 to 12 in.</td>
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<tr>
<td>12 to 15 in.</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
<td>$7.50</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>15 to 18 in.</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>$80.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>18 to 24 in.</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$125.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft.</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$150.00</td>
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</table>
Pittosporum Tobira. Rhynchospemnum jasminoides for front porch shade
Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Cader S. Parker, Thomasville, Ga.

LIGUSTRUM lucidum (Wax Leaf Privet). A beautiful form of evergreen Japanese Privet with large, very dark green leaves, and large heads of white flowers in May, followed by black berries which are retained throughout the Winter. Same prices as Ligustrum iwata.

LAURUSTINUS. See VIBURNUM tinus.

MAGNOLIA grandiflora (Evergreen or Southern Magnolia). The most prized native evergreen tree. It is valuable for lawns, specimens, avenue plantings or for shade.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>2 to 3 ft</th>
<th>3 to 4 ft</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
<td>$7.50</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
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</table>

MICHELIA fuscata (Banana Shrub). One of the most popular and desirable evergreens for the South. 10 to 12 in., $1.00; 12 to 15 in., $1.25; 15 to 18 in., $1.50 each.

NANDINA domestica (Japanese Nandina). A very showy evergreen or nearly evergreen shrub. In Winter its leaves turn a bright red and hang on the plant until early Spring, which, with the bright red berries, makes it a conspicuously attractive specimen plant.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>8 to 12 in</th>
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<th>15 to 18 in</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
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<td>15 to 18 in</td>
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<td>17.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>18 to 24 in</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
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OLEA fragrans (Osmanthus) (Tea or Sweet Olive). Small white flowers produced in clusters, which emit a pleasing fragrance. In the lower South plant is in bloom the greater part of the year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10 to 12 in</th>
<th>12 to 15 in</th>
<th>15 to 18 in</th>
<th>18 to 24 in</th>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>$1.25</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
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<td>10 to 12 in</td>
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<td>15.00</td>
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<td>15 to 18 in</td>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>17.50</td>
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<td>18 to 24 in</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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</table>
OLEANDER (Nerium Oleander). One of the finest evergreens for specimen or mass plantings, and popular in South Georgia, the Gulf coast and Florida. It is not adapted to colder climate. We have selected hardy varieties, and offer single and double of pink, white and red. We especially recommend the double pink, a fragrant variety and thrifty grower. 50c. each, $5.00 per 12, $40.00 per 100. Extra heavy plants, $1.00 each.

PHOTINIA serrulata. Handsome shrub with dark green foliage, leaves turn a striking bright red in coldest weather and remain so until they fall in early Spring when new leaves form. Same prices as Olea fragrans.

PITTOSPORUM Tobira. An excellent shrub, very popular and extensively used in the South, having dark green leaves clustered at the ends of branches. The plant is of compact growth, flowers yellowish white, very fragrant, appearing in early Spring. The Pittosporum may be used in foundation planting, massing, trimmed as a specimen or as a dense hedge. Too much cannot be said in favor of this evergreen, for in its many uses it is greatly prized in landscape plantings, and we always advise its planting.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each 12</th>
<th>100</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6 to 8 in</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$5.00 $40.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>8 to 12 in</td>
<td>.75</td>
<td>7.50  60.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>12 to 15 in</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>10.00 80.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 to 18 in</td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>12.50 100.00</td>
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</table>

Drive bordered with Ligustrum iwata
PITTOSPORUM Tobira variegata. Similar to Pittosporum Tobira, but with leaves beautifully margined white. Same prices as Pittosporum Tobira, but can supply in third, fourth and fifth sizes only.

PYRACANTHA coccinea Lalandii (Evergreen Hawthorn). Brilliant orange-red berries and evergreen foliage make this one of the most strikingly beautiful shrubs that can be planted in this section. The plant is of open growth, and the leaves are always evergreen. 2 to 3 ft., $2.50 each.

VIBURNUM odoratissimum. A valuable evergreen in mass or specimen planting attains a height of 12 ft. Owing to its resistance to disease in this locality it is more extensively used than laurels. Added to the attractiveness of the foliage of the plant are showy white flowers in early Spring. We highly recommend it. Same prices as Pittosporum Tobira.

VIBURNUM odoratissimum nanum. A very scarce and valuable evergreen destined to be used extensively in the South because of the lustrous, dark green color of its leaves, its compact habit and its resistance to disease affecting laurels. This plant is now being used about Thomasville and has been affected by no disease. A valuable feature is that old leaves, as well as new ones, are of polished, shiny green. This Viburnum does not bloom in this locality, and attains an ultimate height of 5 ft., but can be kept trimmed lower if desired. Same prices as Pittosporum Tobira.

VIBURNUM tinus. An evergreen of great value as a Winter flowering shrub. Creamy white flowers in February, very fragrant. Shrub compact in growth, foliage dark green. Same price as Pittosporum Tobira, but can only supply three larger sizes.
Coniferous Evergreens

These evergreens are extensively used as specimen plants on lawns, but their value in banking or foundation plantings has often been overlooked. The various colors, dark green, light green, blue-green and golden, afford strikingly effective color schemes when properly used. More coniferous evergreens should be used with broad-leaved evergreens and deciduous shrubs.

**BIOTA aurea nana.** The golden, compact, dwarf Arborvitae used extensively in the South. These conifers can be easily matched. 2 to 2 1/2 ft., $3.00 each, $30.00 per 12.

**BIOTA, Blue-Green.** One of the finest coniferous evergreens for the South. It is best described as a Rosedale Arborvitae of loose and open type; a beautiful bluish-green, and an excellent plant to use with broad-leaved evergreens and deciduous shrubs in general plantings. Can be matched easily. Each 12 100

24 to 30 in. ........................................... $25.00 $25.00 $200.00
30 to 36 in. ........................................... 3.00 30.00 250.00
3 to 4 ft. ........................................... 5.00 50.00 450.00

**BIOTA compacta.** A valuable, dark green and compact conifer, planted extensively in the South. Unlike the Biota aurea nana and Biota Rosedale, it cannot be matched. Biota compacta is grown from seed and the plants are of several shades of green and different shapes. We can only sell single specimens. 3 to 4 ft., $3.00; 4 to 5 ft., $5.00; 5 to 7 ft., $7.50 each.

**BIOTA Rosedale.** A very attractive and popular variety, of very compact habit and dwarf growth. Feathery foliage of dark bluish green. Can be easily matched.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>1.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>15 to 18 in.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>12.50</td>
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</table>
CRYPTOMERIA japonica (Japanese Cedar). An upright and fast growing conifer, pointed and branched like Cedrus Deodara. Bright green foliage. 12 to 15 in. from 4 in. pots, $1.00 each.

JUNIPERUS communis. There are many types of the communis or English Juniper, but ours is a select strain of upright and narrow form and bright, bluish-green foliage. 2½ to 3 ft., $2.50; 3 to 4 ft., $4.00 each.

JUNIPERUS oblonga. An excellent conifer of practically the same color as Juniperus communis, but the habit of growth is characterized by recurved branches. The plant may be trimmed, rounded or otherwise if desired. 2 to 3 ft., $2.50 each, $25.00 per 12.

RETINISPORA plumosa (Plume-leaved Japanese Cypress). A showy conifer of plumy, dark green foliage. May be trimmed, rounded, or allowed to grow pointed at top, somewhat like native red Cedar. The most of our stock has been carefully trimmed rounded. Prices and sizes same as Biota Rosedale.

RETINISPORA plumosa argentea. A dwarf, compact variety, with foliage golden tipped. Prices and sizes same as Biota Rosedale.

RETINISPORA plumosa aurea. A beautiful form of the Japanese Cypress, of compact habit and rich, golden foliage. All of the Retinisporas are offered in trimmed specimens which can be matched. Prices and sizes same as Biota Rosedale.
Azaleas

The Azaleas are the most attractive of Winter-flowering shrubs in the South. Their value in landscape uses is too little recognized, for evergreen Azaleas are indispensable in Southern landscape effects. Varieties of Azalea indica, coming into flower when so little else is in bloom, are a mass of beauty on the private estates of Northern Winter residents of Thomasville in the late Winter and early Spring, and no one who has seen these plantings will ever forget the scene. The famous Magnolia Gardens near Charleston, S. C., where many varieties of Azaleas are seen by throngs of visitors every Spring, has been said to be more like heaven than any place on this planet.

Azaleas, contrary to general belief, are by no means hard to grow. They thrive in rather acid soil, leafmold or pond muck, with little or no manure, but, being surface feeders, they like a good mulch of leaves and pine straw and should not be allowed to suffer for want of water. They should be planted in
AZALEAS—Continued

partly shaded situations. Clay, lime, and an excess of potash should be avoided. When Azaleas are well grown they are among the most delightful and satisfactory plants in existence. The flowers last in perfect condition a long time, and the wonderful color effects are rarely approached by any class of plants.

There is a prejudice in some quarters against the purplish pink, or cerise, varieties, but this shows a lack of the proper appreciation of values in color effects. What could be more delightful than a combination of Azalea formosa and Spiræa Reevsiana flore pleno as a foreground to a piece of Pine woods? To extend the blooming season, Azalea phcenicia and Azalea Omurasaki could be used, as they are at their best when Azalea formosa is about through.

Owing to the high color effects of these Azaleas, it is not always wise to use them together with reds or clear pinks, as the colors disagree, but with white or yellow-flowering shrubs the combination is delightful. Another feature in favor of the purplish pink Azaleas is that they are often successful under unfavorable conditions where other varieties would barely exist. Azaleas often vary in color in different localities. Nurserymen grade by spread as well as height.

**Prices of Azaleas Alba, Formosa, Phœnicia, Omurasaki and Vittatti Fortunei:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>6 to 8 in</th>
<th>8 to 12 in</th>
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<tr>
<td>Price</td>
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<td>Prices</td>
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<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
<td>$80.00</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
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**Prices of Azaleas Amœna, Elegans and Georges Franc:**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>6 to 8 in</th>
<th>8 to 12 in</th>
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<tbody>
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<tr>
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<td>$80.00</td>
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**Prices of Azaleas Duc de Rohan, Hinodigiri, Princesse d’Orange and Sublanceolatum:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
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<tr>
<td>Prices</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each</td>
<td>$80.00</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**VARIETIES DESCRIBED**

**Alba.** Large, single flowers. A very hardy kind, used extensively in the North. Plantings are successful on Long Island. Used a lot about Thomasville. Tall grower.

**Amœna.** Another hardy Azalea, a popular kind in the North, but succeeding equally as well in the South. Small claret-pink flowers, small dark green leaf. Tall grower.

**Duc de Rohan.** Salmon flower with red spots, medium size. Profuse bloomer, plant medium grower.
AZALEAS—Continued

Elegans. An even shade of clear pink as a rule, but some years is inclined to show some purple. An upright grower, produces large single flowers. An early variety.

Formosa. The most generally satisfactory Azalea grown in the Southern states. A planting of this variety at Inwood Plantation near Thomasville is a mass of beauty in early Spring. Large, single, purplish-pink flowers, dark green leaves. A thrifty kind, easiest of all to grow. A midseason variety and tall grower. See color illustration.

Georges Franck. This is a very scarce Azalea, and one that has attracted more attention at our place than any other variety. It is a profuse bloomer, and is one of the earliest varieties. The flowers are described as flame-pink with deep carmine spot. They never show a trace of purple. See color illustration.

Hinodigiri. A dwarf grower, producing a mass of very showy deep red small flowers. The leaf is small and dark green. This variety is the most popular of the dwarf kinds.

Omurasaki. A very fine Azalea, producing large, single flowers, midseason to late. In color this kind shows slightly more pink and less purple than Formosa, as a rule, but in some seasons there is practically no difference in color. Omurasaki makes a spreading bush and is a profuse bloomer. It is the principal kind used at Greenwood Plantation, which each year attracts many visitors, and is the finest planting of Azaleas at Thomasville.

Phœnecia. This variety is of practically the same color as Omurasaki, but the flower is slightly smaller. However, there is a noticeable difference in the shape of the leaf, and of all Azaleas we have observed that Phœnecia will stand the most sun. A late flowering kind and tall grower.

Princesse d’Orange. A deep red single Azalea which is a great favorite in point of color. This variety is one of the latest to come into flower.

Sublanceolatum. A very late flowering single Azalea, bearing very large blooms of reddish salmon color. It is one of the varieties used at Greenwood Plantation, and much admired.

Vittatti Fortunei. The best variegated Azalea. The plant is of upright growth and is the earliest Azalea to come into flower at Thomasville. The blooms are like Azalea alba, but striped purplish-pink.
Lantanas in Foundation Planting
Beautiful color effects. Residence of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Reid, Dothan, Ala.

Deciduous Trees and Shrubs

ACER *dasycarpum* (Silver Maple). A desirable shade and specimen tree. Foliage bright green, silver white beneath.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>100</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft</td>
<td>$0.40</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 to 4 ft</td>
<td>$0.65</td>
<td>6.50</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 6 ft</td>
<td>$0.85</td>
<td>8.50</td>
<td>75.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>6 to 8 ft</td>
<td>$1.25</td>
<td>12.50</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ACER *rubrum* (Scarlet Maple). This is a very beautiful Maple, leaves light green above, silvery white beneath, and changing to scarlet in the Fall. Prices and sizes same as *Acer dasycarpum*.

ALTHÆA (Hibiscus syriacus). A free flowering shrub or small tree, producing single and double flowers in red, pink, purple, variegated and white, in the Summer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 to 4 ft</td>
<td>$0.60</td>
<td>6.00</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 5 ft</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>60.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CORNUS *florida*. The native, large, white flowering Dogwood; a very showy tree in early Spring. Same prices and sizes as Altheas.

CORNUS *florida flore pleno*. A double form of the above. Grafted, 3 to 4 ft., $1.50 each.

CORNUS *florida rubra*. Similar to the white flowering Dogwood, but with flowers of rose-pink color. A very showy tree in early Spring. Grafted, 3 to 4 ft., $2.00; 4 to 5 ft., $2.50 each.
CERCIS canadensis (Red Bud or Judas Tree). In early Spring this tree is covered with reddish-purple flowers. One of the best native plants. 3 to 4 ft., 75c. each, $7.50 per 12.

DEUTZIA. Very showy, Spring flowering shrubs, fine for massing or screen work, or adapted to natural plantings. We offer pure white and white with pink tinge. Each 12 100 1-year plants.......$0.35 $3.50 $25.00 2-year plants....... .50 5.00 40.00 3-year plants....... .75 7.50 60.00

EXOCHORDA grandiflora (Pearl Bush). Large, pure white flowers produced in great profusion early in March. When in full bloom the plants have the appearance of a snowbank. Fine for massing. Prices same as Deutzias.

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell). Late Winter and early Spring flowering shrubs with golden-yellow flowers. We have upright and drooping kinds. Prices same as Deutzias.

GINKGO bilboa (Maiden Hair Tree). A beautiful tree with foliage resembling the Maiden Hair fern. While this tree is deciduous, it is a conifer. A good shade tree. 2 to 3 ft., 75c. each.
HYDRANGEA otaksa. The fine old Hydrangea, useful and popular in Southern plantings. In south Georgia the bloom is usually blue, due to existence generally of clay subsoil. To make it pink, dig out the clay and fill in with black or sandy soil. Two-year plants, 50c. each, $5.00 per 12, $40.00 per 100.

JASMINUM primulinum. A rapid growing shrub producing an abundance of yellow flowers in early Spring. Can be trimmed in shape, or the canes trained up as a climbing shrub. Same prices as Deutzias.

LAGERSTREÖMIA indica (Crape Myrtle). A vigorous, deciduous shrub or small tree, with beautifully fringed flowers in the Summer. We offer white, red, pink and purple. Same prices as Deutzias.

LANTANA. Beautiful, showy, quick growing shrubs. White, yellow, orange, pink, red. 40c. each, $4.00 per 12, $25.00 per 100. Ready April 1st.

LONICERA fragrantissima (Upright Bush Honeysuckle). Masses of fragrant white flowers are produced on upright and slightly drooping leafless branches in Winter. An excellent deciduous shrub for using with broad-leaved evergreens. Same prices as Deutzias.

PHILADELPHUS coronarius (Syringa or Mock Orange). Handsome and vigorous small trees bearing a profusion of white flowers in late Spring and Summer. Same prices as Deutzias, except have no 1-year stock.

PYRUS japonica (Cydonia, Japan Quince). Winter flowering, dwarf Quince, flowers in shades of red. 2 to 3 ft., 75c. each, $7.50 per 12.

SPIRAEA. Spiræas are indispensable for mass or border planting. They bear a profusion of showy white flowers in late Winter and early Spring. We offer Reevsiana flore pleno (tall), Vanhouttei (Bridal Wreath), Thunbergii (dwarf), and Anthony Waterer (Summer flowering red). Same prices as Deutzias.

WEIGELA rosea. A vigorous shrub, producing a wealth of showy, bell-shaped flowers in early Spring, color rose-pink. This plant makes an attractive mass or screen planting. Same prices as Deutzias.
**Vines**

**Prices on Vines**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Each</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medium plants</td>
<td>$0.40</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strong plants</td>
<td>.65</td>
<td>6.50</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra strong plants</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Except where noted.

**BIGNONIA.** See Pyrostegia.

**HEDERA helix** (English Ivy). Shiny, evergreen leaves, clings to any surface without support. Extensively used in covering trunks of trees and in trailing from window boxes. From 2½-in. pots, 20c. each, $2.00 per 12, $15.00 per 100.

**OLONICERA Halliana** (Climbing Honeysuckle). A rampant climber with evergreen foliage and fragrant white flowers, changing to yellow.

**PYROSTEGIA venusta** (Bignonia venusta). A strong and rapid growing vine which requires some Winter protection in south Georgia in getting started. It bears a profusion of showy orange-red flowers in the Spring.

**FICUS repens.** An evergreen climber with small, bright green leaves. An excellent plant for completely covering and screening brick walls, posts, rockwork, etc.

**TRACHELOSPERNUM jasminooides** (Rhynchospernum. Star Jasmine). A rapid growing, twining vine of dark, glossy green leaves. It is covered in the Spring with a mass of starry, white flowers of intense and pleasing fragrance.

**VINCA minor** (Periwinkle). A rapid growing vine with dark green leaves and blue flowers. Used extensively as a ground cover, and for trailing from window boxes. 20c. each, $2.00 per 12, $15.00 per 100.

**VINCA variegata.** A variegated Vinea which finds its principal use in trailing from window boxes as a screen. 20c. each, $2.00 per 12, $15.00 per 100.

**WISTARIA chinensis.** A vine used extensively in the South for covering pergolas and arched-over drives. Long, drooping clusters of fragrant blooms in early Spring. We offer purple and white.
Roses

The Rose has been justly termed the "Queen of Flowers" for its wide range of beautiful color and its easy culture. In the South it is by far the most valuable flowering plant, for such a wealth of varieties may be grown, the climate being suited to practically all of the most desirable kinds. Our Roses are budded on vigorous stocks adapted to the long Summer and occasional droughts in the South, and which rarely ever "sucker" from below the bud union. The superiority of budded Roses has long been recognized in the South.

Rose growing has advanced rapidly in the past few years. We have been diligent in testing the new varieties, and from them some wonderful Roses are now recognized as standard varieties. We offer you the benefit of our experience.

While the Rose will adapt itself to many situations, the best results are to be obtained by planting in well-drained locations, although the Rose does not like too dry soil. Where the soil is sandy, clay should be filled in, and Rose beds should have stable manure and leafmold added for best results. On situations where there is a good clay subsoil it is unnecessary to add clay. In fertilizing, where stable manure is not available, or even if it has been used, the best commercial preparation is bonemeal.

Prices of Roses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strong, 2-year budded plants</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tea Roses

**Alexander Hill Gray.** Solid yellow in bud, opening lighter, a vigorous grower, free bloomer.

**Duchess de Brabant.** Light rose to shell-pink, an excellent grower and bloomer; one of the most popular Roses in the South.

**Eli Hartman.** A big yellow Rose with light pink tints; full flowers, good bloomer.

**Etoile de Lyon.** Deep yellow, opening lighter.
Helen Good. A blush pink sport of Maman Cochet, with the good qualities of its parent.
Isabella Sprunt. Rich yellow, opening lighter, good bloomer.
Lady Hillingdon. Beautiful pointed buds of deep yellow, the favorite of the deep yellow Roses in this section.
Lady Plymouth. A light yellow Rose producing a wealth of flowers throughout a long season.
Mlle. Franciska Kruger. Coppery-yellow, a wonderful bloomer, the best Tea Rose of its color.
Mlle. Helene Gambier. Light yellow, tinged pink.
Mme. Lambard. Bright, deep rose, variable in color, deepens in tone in the Fall; large, fine form, beautiful buds, strong grower, excellent bloomer. We grow this well-known favorite in large quantities because it is always in demand and always satisfactory. No one who has seen the great display of Mme. Lambard Roses on the private estates near Thomasville will ever forget the beauty of the sight. This Rose held first place with us 20 years. It is the best of the Tea Roses.
Mme. Melanie Soupert. A salmon-yellow Rose with shadings of pink; a very free grower, long pointed buds and large, heavy, double flowers. The plant is vigorous and a consistent bloomer throughout a long season. A Rose we especially recommend.
Miss Alice Rothschild. A deep yellow Tea Rose, full flower and shapely.
Mrs. B. R. Cant. Deep rose to light red, flowers somewhat similar to Maman Cochet in form; a wonderful bloomer and altogether satisfactory Rose.
Mrs. Dudley Cross. In form and blooming qualities it easily passes for what it is often called, a yellow Maman Cochet. It is a yellow Rose, tinged with pink in the same manner as the White Cochet is tinged with pink. One of the best bloomers, Maman Cochet. This is the famous Pink Cochet. Light pink, shaded with bright rose; beautiful, long pointed buds and large and full flower. The most generally popular Tea Rose in America, and one that is always a success in the South, giving blooms over a long season.
Marie Delsalle. A crimson Tea Rose of medium flowers; good bloomer.
Marie Vanhoutte. Canary-yellow, deeper center, border of petals tipped bright rose. A vigorous grower, profuse bloomer and great favorite in this section.
Minnie Frances. Dark pink, strong grower and good bloomer; long buds, a Rose on the order of Mme. Lambard.
Papa Gontier. Rosy-crimson; fine, long pointed buds, a vigorous and altogether excellent Rose.
Safrano. A fine old Tea Rose of bright apricot color and free blooming qualities. It is beautiful in bud and in mild Winters continues to bloom along the Gulf Coast.
White Maman Cochet. A white Rose of the excellent qualities of its parent, Maman Cochet. Edges of petals tipped rose. The best white Tea Rose.
Hybrid Tea Roses

Andre Gamon. Bright red, good bud and open flower.

Antoine Rivoire. Rosy flesh on yellow ground; large, shapely buds.

Betty. Coppery yellow with shadings of rose; beautiful, long, pointed buds; excellent bloomer. One of the best varieties.

Clara Watson. Pearly white, center tinted peach pink.

Countess of Gosford. A great Rose from England. Exquisite salmon-pink with delightful shadings of rose; a thrifty grower and profuse bloomer over a long flowering season. One of the best Roses and a variety we always recommend when asked to name the best kinds.

Columbia. Brilliant pink flowers on stiff stems. Not generally successful as a garden Rose.

Crusader. An excellent new red Rose. Produces heavy double flowers on good stems; deep crimson, very fragrant.

Dean Hole. Intense salmon-pink; long pointed buds.

Dora. Pale flesh, shaded bright pink. A large double Rose; good grower.

Dorothy Page Roberts. Large, globular blooms of coppery pink; an attractive and satisfactory Rose.

Etoile de France. Long considered the best of the dark red hybrid Tea Roses. Lovely shade of velvety crimson; beautiful and shapely buds; a popular Rose in the South.

Francis Scott Key. A well formed and heavy Rose; deep red; good cut flower.

General Janssen. Deep, glowing carmine-red, large flowers, profuse bloomer, thrifty bush.

Gorgeous. The buds and open flowers are shaped like the Roses of the Radiance family. Beautiful shadings of yellow and pink, in color in a class by itself. The bush is a small grower, but strong and healthy. This variety has been a big attraction in our fields the past Spring.
Hadley. Deep, velvety crimson, fairly good grower and bloomer.

Helen Gould. Watermelon red; good grower and bloomer.

Hoosier Beauty. Glowing crimson, beautiful buds; fairly good in the South.

Jacques Porcher. Saffron, passing to clear yellow with deeper center. Good grower and bloomer.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock. A great Rose from Holland. Carmine outside, imperial pink inside of petals, large flower. A vigorous new Rose.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. This Rose has long been a great favorite in the South. Large globular blooms of creamy white. Ours is a strong and satisfactory strain of this popular variety.

Killarney. One of the finest Roses ever produced. A dependable grower; free bloomer over a long season; especially pretty buds, color varies from light pink to deep pink. A great favorite in the South.

Killarney Queen. While not quite as free bloomer as Killarney, the flowers are somewhat larger and of a deep, unvarying pink throughout the Rose flowering season.

Konigin Carola. Best described as a giant form of Mme. Caroline Testout.

La Detroit. Shell-pink, shading to soft rose. A good Rose.

Lady Alice Stanley. The longer we grow this Rose the better we like it. Deep coral rose on outside of petals, inside flesh pink, profuse bloomer, shapely flowers on upright stems. A fine Rose.

Lady Ashtown. Brilliant silvery pink, profuse bloomer in the Spring; a good bedding Rose.

Lady Pirrie. Coppery reddish salmon; good grower and bloomer.

Lady Ursula. Large and shapely buds and flowers of delicate flesh pink; fragrant; on good stems. A satisfactory Rose.

La Tosca. Silvery pink with deeper center; large and full flowers on stiff and thornless stems.


Mme. Caroline Testout. Satiny rose-pink; fairly good grower and bloomer.

Mme. Edouard Herriot. Here we list one Rose we positively cannot recommend. It is a Rose of wonderful coloring, its coral-red buds develop into flowers of the same hue, shaded yellow to scarlet. It is a hard Rose to grow in South Georgia.


Mme. Jules Grolez. Deep rose to light red, fine form, free bloomer. Sometimes called the red Kaiserin Augusta Victoria on account of its form.
Mme. Leon Pain. Salmon-pink, shaded rose; a fine bloomer, shapely buds and good flowers.

Margaret Dickson Hamill. Deep yellow, edge of petals tipped scarlet in early part of the flowering season. A Rose of exquisite coloring but not a strong grower.

Miss Kate Moulton. Rosy pink outside of petals, inside lighter. One of the best of the light pink Roses.

Miss Lolita Armour. A Rose of gorgeous coloring, chrome-yellow at base, shading to orange and copper hues on the reverse of the petals with tints of copper and shrimp-pink. Flower full and double. Not a strong grower.

Mrs. A. R. Waddell. Deep apricot-pink, shading to orange-salmon. The bush is vigorous and free flowering; a satisfactory kind.
Mrs. Charles Bell. This Rose can best be described as a light pink Radiance, being a sport from that variety. We have had it under observation since its introduction and we find it equally as good grower and bloomer as its parent; in fact, it stands conspicuously above most Roses in gardens where it has been planted in the Southeast, and it has been a big attraction to visitors to our nurseries. In color it varies from shell-pink to salmon-pink. See color illustration, page 22.

Mrs. John Cook. A fairly good, new white Rose developed from Ophelia. While the bush is not as strong as some other hybrid Teas, the flowers are of excellent form.

Mrs. S. K. Rindge. Beautiful golden yellow buds, opening to saffron-yellow, suffused with pink. Shiny foliage. A new Rose which has been much talked of.

Mrs. Wakefield Christie Miller. Soft pearly blush, shaded salmon, very large flowers on stiff stems. The bush is a healthy one, and can be depended on for a large crop of flowers.
Molly Bligh. Of our new Roses this is one of the very best. Immense and shapely buds of deep madder pink, zoned orange at the base of petals. Musk Rose perfumed. The bush is a vigorous one.

Natalie Bottner. Full and well formed flowers of light yellow color. Sometimes called the yellow Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.

Nerissa. White, tinted copper, pretty buds. Strong bush, good blooms.

Ophelia. Salmon-flesh shaded rose, beautiful buds on good stems. An immensely popular Rose.

Paula. A yellow Rose, sometimes called an improved Etoile de Lyon. Flowers of fine form.

Pharisaer. A splendid Rose, strong grower and free bloomer. Color is rosy white with shadings of salmon. The buds are especially beautiful and open into large and well-formed flowers.

President Taft. Intense deep pink; large, fragrant.

Prima Donna. An even shade of light red, shapely flowers; bush a strong grower and good bloomer.

Radiance. This is the Rose we unhesitatingly call the best of all varieties, and it is the one in biggest demand by those who have tried many kinds. In color it is brilliant rosy carmine, displaying beautiful opaline pink tints in the open flower. As a cut flower variety, Radiance leads the field of outdoor Roses, its nearest competitors being its sports. Its wonderful growth, freedom of bloom and large and shapely buds and full flowers on stiff stems make it a complete success in the South. See color illustration, page 22.

Red Radiance. A sport of Radiance, and of the same freedom of bloom and vigorous growth characteristic of this family. Like Radiance and Mrs. Charles Bell, it is a wonder for blooming in hot weather when most Roses have slowed up. Easily the leading red Rose. See color illustration, page 22.

Red Letter Day. An extremely vigorous Rose, producing strikingly showy, half double, velvety crimson flowers; very attractive.

Shell-Pink Radiance. See Mrs. Charles Bell.

Souvenir de President Carnot. Rose to shell-pink; an older variety still in good demand.

Sunburst. At its best it is easily the leading yellow Rose, but it is variable in this section, and inclined to die back toward the end of the Summer. With the best of care it can be grown in South Georgia.
Pharisaer

Viscountess Folkstone. Creamy white, shaded salmon; floriferous.

Wellesley. Outside of petals a beautiful shade of clear pink, inside silvery pink. A Rose of good growth and blooming qualities, and should be more used in south Georgia gardens.

W. C. Gaunt. Brilliant scarlet-crimson, buds are especially attractive. This is a new red Rose, and the brilliant display it made in our fields the past season was a big attraction. It is a strong grower.

White Killarney. A white sport of the well known Killarney, and a valuable and popular Rose.

Willowmere. Of the Roses of coral-red shadings this one appears to be the strongest grower here. Coral-red buds, opening into shrimp-pink flowers. Large flowers.

Winnie Davis. An excellent Rose of apricot-pink color. Bush is a strong grower, free bloomer.

William F. Dreer. A new American Rose of gorgeous coloring. The buds and open flowers show colors from deep yellow to light pink and deep pink tints. Not a very strong grower.

We are members of

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN
SOUTHERN NURSERYMEN'S ASSOCIATION
FLORIDA STATE FLORISTS' ASSOCIATION
AMERICAN ROSE SOCIETY
GEORGIA-FLORIDA PECAN GROWERS' ASSOCIATION
Hybrid Perpetual Roses

**Duchess of Sutherland.** A new Rose of its class which has attracted a lot of attention. Large, shapely buds and fine open flower of peach-pink.

**Frau Karl Druschki.** This grand white Rose has become renowned as the very highest type of its class and the best snow white Rose ever introduced. It is a strong grower and good bloomer, and its magnificent flowers are nothing less than glorious. It is a true Paperwhite without a tinge of other coloring.

**Hugh Dickson.** A rank grower, large crimson flowers, very showy.

**J. B. Clark.** Intense crimson flowers, free and strong.

**King George V.** A wonderful new hybrid perpetual Rose. Immense double flowers of dark, velvety-crimson; bush vigorous, a good companion to Frau Karl Druschki and Paul Neyron.

**Magna Charta.** Pink, large flowers, strong grower, a good Rose of its class.

**Paul Neyron.** Really too well known to require a description. We can recommend it to anyone who wishes to plant hybrid Roses; it is a dependable grower and bloomer in the South. It is the largest Rose known; deep rosy-pink, full flower, very fragrant.

**Ulrich Brunner.** A great red hybrid perpetual Rose, sometimes called the red Paul Neyron on account of its form. It is extensively used in the South.

Dwarf Polyantha Roses

**Catherine Zeimet.** Small, double, pure white flowers produced in profusion over a long flowering season. The best of the white Baby Roses, and a variety always satisfactory.

**Erna Teschendorff.** Deep red, double, dwarf, free flowering. It is easily the leading red Baby Rose, and with a little attention in keeping seed pods off will bloom from Spring till frost.

**Mrs. W. H. Cutbush.** Shell-pink, small double flowers, excellent bloomer, and has come to be known in this section as the best pink Baby Rose.

**Orleans.** Cerise-red with white eye at center, a very attractive and satisfactory Baby Rose. Fine for a border or hedge of dwarf Roses.

Ramblers, etc.

**American Pillar.** Rich rosy-pink to brilliant carmine, with little white in center; semi-double, long stamens. One of the best climbing or pillar Roses; vigorous plant, glossy foliage, profuse bloomer.

**Dorothy Perkins.** Beautiful deep pink, flowers borne in large clusters of small double blooms, sweet-scented, fine for use on fence or trellis.

**Red Dorothy Perkins.** It is a good deal to claim for a Rose, but we are within bounds when we describe Red Dorothy Perkins, or Excelsa, as a brilliant Crimson Rambler on glossy, varnished Wichuraiana foliage.
Silver Moon. Flowers very large, pure white, semi-double, petals of great substance, beautifully cupped, forming a Clematis-like flower. The large bunch of yellow stamens in center adds to its attractiveness. A vigorous climbing or pillar variety.

Climbing Roses

Cherokee. A vigorous climber with single white flowers which appear in earliest Spring.

Cl. Mme. Caroline Testout. A climbing form of the popular Mme. Caroline Testout, satiny pink.

Cl. Maman Cochet. A pink climber of sterling qualities, identical in color with the bush Maman Cochet.

Cl. White Cochet. A most dependable white climber, extensively used in this section. Large, shapely buds and flowers, like the bush form from which it is derived.

Dr. Van Fleet. Flesh pink color, beautiful in bud, good bloomer, dark, glossy foliage.

James Sprunt. Deep pink color, beautiful in bud, good bloomer, glossy foliage.

Lamarque. An old white climber which has been so satisfactory that it has been very extensively used in this section; a good bloomer.

Paul’s Scarlet Climber. A strikingly beautiful Rose which at once became popular when put into commerce. Vivid scarlet flowers, semi-double, does not blue like some red Roses. The plant makes a vigorous climber or an effective pillar Rose. One of the newest Roses.

Reine Marie Henriette. Long considered the best red climber; here only Paul’s Scarlet Climber may be considered as good. Cherry-red, fine buds, heavy flower, a great favorite in the South.

Reve d’Or. Considered the very best yellow climbing Rose at Thomasville where many kinds have been tried. Vigorous and free flowering.

Miscellaneous Roses

Agrippena (Bengal). An excellent hedge and bedding Rose, rank grower, wonderful bloomer, dark, velvety crimson flowers.

Eugene E. Marlitt (Bourbon). An excellent bedding Rose, producing a wealth of bright crimson flowers throughout the Rose blooming season.

Gruss an Teplitz (Hybrid China). Bright scarlet, shaded to deep crimson; free grower, profuse and constant bloomer.

Hugonis. A single yellow species from China; throws long, half-climbing branches covered with single flowers. It is one of the most strikingly showy Roses ever introduced, and thrives in this section. A very early bloomer.

Louis Phillipe (Bengal). Deep crimson flowers and shiny foliage. An excellent Fall and Winter bloomer, and makes a good hedge Rose.
THOMASVILLE NURSERIES, THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA

Pansies

STEELE'S MASTODON AND PIZZONKA'S PRIZE STRAINS

Each of these strains is very floriferous and produces mammoth flowers. We can supply good mixed plants or separate color of blue, yellow or white. Pansy plants are ready November 1st and may be set as late as January. 50c. per doz., $1.50 per 50, $3.00 per 100, $20.00 per 1000.

Zinnias

The Zinnia flower has been perfected in the past few years, so that the "Old Maids" we used to know have come to be valued above all other annuals for putting a wealth of color into Summer gardens. We have never catalogued an annual before, but we have been so strongly impressed with the value of Zinnias in garden uses that we decided to grow and offer plants of the finest strains. A variety of forms are obtained in our Zinnias, as heavy double, Dahlia flowered, quilled and single flowered. We do not grow our own seed, but get them direct from California, which is necessary to get the largest flowers. These Zinnias afford a wonderful range of beautiful color. It can't be said that a Zinnia is just a Zinnia, there is a marked difference in strains. Mixed colors only, 50c. per doz., $1.50 per 50, $3.00 per 100.

Violets

Of all delightful perfumes, that of the Violet is the sweetest and most pleasing. A bed or border of Violets requires very little attention. We offer the deep blue variety Governor Herrick. $1.50 per doz., $6.00 per 50, $12.00 per 100, $100.00 per 1000.

Cannas

Nothing excels Cannas for quick effect of bright color needed in plantings for the long Summers of the Southeast. A planting of Cannas was a feature which attracted visitors to our grounds the past Summer. Bulbs 15c. each, $1.50 per doz., $10.00 per 100. Ready March 1st.

VARIETIES OF CANNAS

City of Portland. Glowing pink, good bloomer, fine for bedding. Green foliage; height 3½ ft.

King Humbert. The greatest of all Cannas for this section. Brilliant orange-red blooms which glisten in the sunlight. Rich bronze foliage, prolific bloomer through the long season. 5 ft.

Wyoming. Makes great plumes of orange blossoms; foliage purplish bronze. 6 ft.

Yellow King Humbert. A yellow form of King Humbert, but with green foliage. Deep yellow with orange-red dots. Easily the showiest and best yellow Canna in this section. 4½ ft.

Persimmons

Within the past few years, as they have become better known, varieties of Japanese Persimmons have rapidly come into favor in the Southeast. They are of easy culture, and can be depended on to bear annually. Same prices as Peaches.

VARIETIES OF PERSIMMONS

Tamopan. Fruit large, rounded-flattened, oddly marked by constriction around, quality very good. Tree a vigorous grower, bears well, does not require pollination from other varieties to fruit. September.

Tane-Nashi. Fruit very large, roundish-conical in shape, flesh seedless, quality good, variety prolific, the most desirable market kind. Self-pollinating. September.

Triumph. A heavy bearer of medium-sized fruits of the very best quality; a most desirable variety for home use. Self-pollinating. October.
Pears

Owing to the prevalence of Pear blight in the South the Pear industry has been at a standstill for many years. This disease, a bacterial one, could not be controlled by spraying, and but merely checked by severe pruning.

It has long been recognized in this section that the only solution of the problem of Pear growing would be the development of a variety resistant to Pear blight. A number of such Pears have appeared, and failed through inferior quality of fruit, tree being shy bearer or not sufficiently resistant to blight.

THE PINEAPPLE PEAR

One variety, however, has stood the test in southern Alabama, Georgia and northern Florida—the Pineapple Pear. This Pear is an introduction from China, and its value was first recognized in southwest Alabama. Extensive trials in south Georgia and in Florida have shown favorable results, to the extent that some growers offer it as guaranteed against blight. We do not guarantee it, in keeping with conservative policy, but with us it has never shown a trace of blight, and we have had it next to other Pears which blighted badly.

With the coming of blight resistant stocks in the near future in quantity, Pear orcharding in the Southeast will take on a new impetus. At present we are using the best stock available, the seedling Japan Pear stock, highly resistant to blight.

The Pineapple Pear is not of as fine quality of fruit as the Le Conte, but it is better than the Keiffer. It is a fairly good fresh eating Pear, and as a cooking or canning Pear and for any culinary use, it is unexcelled. Its season of ripening is July to August.

Returns on plantings of Pineapple Pears have been very satisfactory. In the Summer of 1922 Mr. Floyd Sanford, Thomasville, Ga., sold $900.00 worth of Pineapple Pears from a 2-acre orchard.

PRICES OF PEARS ON JAPANESE STOCKS

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<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Each</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft.</td>
<td>$0.35</td>
<td>$3.50</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 to 4 ft.</td>
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<td>4 to 6 ft.</td>
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<td>6.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>6 to 8 ft.</td>
<td>.80</td>
<td>8.00</td>
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GARBER PEAR. Resembles the well known Kieffer, except tree is more open in growth and fruits earlier. August.

KEIFFER PEAR. A fine variety for canning and preserving. It is a regular bearer in the Southeast, blighting very little most seasons. Fruit large, yellow with reddish cheek. August.

LE CONTE PEAR. An early variety of fine quality, valued for eating when properly ripened. Large, pyriform fruit, pale yellow. July.
Peaches

Peaches for commercial orchards may be planted in many sections of the Southeast, and for home use in practically the entire territory. We have selected the varieties best adapted to this section. All are Freestone kinds except as noted.

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<tr>
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<td>4 to 6 ft</td>
<td>$0.65</td>
<td>6.50  50.00</td>
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**VARIETIES OF PEACHES**

**Belle of Georgia.** Large fruit, skin white with red cheek, flesh white, quality excellent, prolific variety. July.

**Carman.** Size large, yellow with red cheek, flesh yellow, quality excellent, prolific and dependable. June.

**Elberta.** Fruit very large, yellow with red cheek, flesh yellow, flavor excellent, a choice variety. July.

**Early Elberta.** Just what the name implies. June.

**Greensboro.** Large and showy, skin bright yellow with red cheek, flesh juicy and of fine quality, semi-cling variety. An excellent kind for general planting. June.

**Hiley.** An early Belle of Georgia. June.

**Jewell.** A great favorite in Florida. Medium, oblong, highly colored, red outside, flesh yellow, finest quality. Last of May.

**Mayflower.** A large, red cling Peach of good quality. The earliest variety. May.

Grapes

Grapes are one of the surest crops in the Southeast. Everyone who has the space for an arbor should plant one or more vines for fruit for home use. We list only varieties which have proven successful in this section.

**Strong Plants:** Each 35c., 12 $3.50.

**Concord.** A blue-black bunch variety; sweet, pulpy, tender, quality good. Vigorous grower, very prolific, bunch and berries large.

**Scuppernong.** Berries large, 8 to 10 in cluster, color brown when ripe, flesh pulpy, very vinous, sweet. Vine is free from all diseases and insect depredations. Very prolific bearer. Commonly called the "White Scuppernong." August.

**Thomas.** Large clusters of 6 to 10 berries. Violet to black when ripe, large, sweet. Sometimes erroneously called the "Black Scuppernong."

**CELESTE FIG.** The most prolific and desirable Fig for canning and preserving. Small to medium size, brown, quality the best. Always can be depended on in south Georgia to bear a heavy crop of fruit. Prices same as Peaches.

**EXCELSIOR PLUM.** We have found this variety, a hybrid which originated in north Florida, to be the best kind for this section. Fruit large, purplish red, skin thin, flesh firm and juicy, of excellent flavor. Ripens early, about June 10th. Tree is very vigorous and a prolific bearer. Same prices as Peaches.
Pecans

The Pecan stands out conspicuously as the leading orchard crop in the South, it being adapted to a variety of soils, and its long life making it worth many times over the value of fruit trees. Seedling Pecans should not be planted in the expectation of gathering a harvest, they are a loss since only a small percentage of them ever make bearing trees of value. We grow budded trees of the varieties that have stood the tests of this section. Different varieties of Pecans have their preferences for different locations. Unless one knows from observation the best varieties of Pecans for his immediate section, we advise consulting the county agent or some local authority as to the most profitable kinds, since no statistics are available covering the South or any state.

PRICES OF PECANS

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<thead>
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<th>Size</th>
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<td>2 to 3 ft</td>
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<td>3 to 4 ft</td>
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<td>5 to 6 ft</td>
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<td>12.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>6 to 8 ft</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>15.00</td>
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VARieties OF PECANS

Frotscher. Oblong nut, large, shell very thin, cracking easily, kernels large, full and easily removed, good quality. Tree of spreading habit, thrifty growth. A favorite in south Georgia.

Moneymaker. A medium, rounded-oblong nut, good cracking quality, kernel full, flavor good. This variety is a heavy bearer, and the one Pecan never known to be affected with scab disease.

Moore. Small, oblong nut, shell thin, cracks easily, kernel plump, quality good. This variety is a very prolific one, and bears large crops in some of the “off years,” and can be depended on for nuts every year.

Schley. Oblong nut, large, very thin shelled, fills well, kernel plump, quality the best of all Pecans, fair bearer. For home plantings, where the highest quality is desired, it is especially recommended.

Stuart. Large nut, oblong, fills out well, shell medium, quality good. Prolific and succeeds over a large area.

Success. Size large, oblong, tapering at apex, shell thin, cracks well, kernel large and full, quality very good. Tree vigorous, a good variety.

Teche. Medium in size but very prolific, thin shell, quality good. In our orchards the most reliable variety. Sometimes known as Frotscher No. 2.